

XTRACT

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
4.0	10.03.2022	40000000610	Date of first issue: 10.03.2022

Corteva Agriscience[™] encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Greece and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

I rade name	: XIRACI
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	: AW24-A0E4-K00U-HR1E

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-	:	Plant Protection Product
stance/Mixture		Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Manufacturer/importer CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE HELLAS S.A. 2, Hydras str. & 280 Kifissias Ave. 152 32 Halandri Greece

Customer Information: +30 210 688-9700Number: SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SGS +32 3 575 55 55 OR

+30 210 57 14 417

Poison Information Centre Emergency Number : 210 77 93 777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. ™ ® Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies.



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	Acute to Acute to Eye irrit Skin se Specific posure, system Short-to gory 1	oxicity, Category 4 oxicity, Category 4 eation, Category 2 nsitisation, Sub-category target organ toxicity Category 3, Central r erm (acute) aquatic ha	ory - sir nerv izar	H302 H332 H319 1A H317 ngle ex- rous d, Cate- H400	 Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life.
2.2.1	egory 1		azo	effec	ts.
2.2 L	abei ei	ements			
l	Labelli Hazard	ng (REGULATION (E pictograms	C) :	No 1272/2008)	!
:	Signal v	word	:	Warning	• •
I	Hazard	statements	:	H226 Flammat H302 Harmful i H317 May caus H319 Causes s H332 Harmful i H336 May caus H410 Very toxi	ble liquid and vapour. f swallowed. se an allergic skin reaction. serious eye irritation. f inhaled. se drowsiness or dizziness. c to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
:	Supplei Statem	mental Hazard ents	:	EUH066 dryness or crack	Repeated exposure may cause skin ing.
				EUH401 environment, cor	To avoid risks to human health and the nply with the instructions for use.
I	Precaut	tionary statements	:	Prevention: P102 Keep out P210 Keep aw es. No smoking. P261 Avoid bre P264 Wash ha P270 Do not ea P280 Wear protect	ay from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfac- eathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. nds thoroughly after handling. at, drink or smoke when using this product. otective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec- ion.
				Response: P301 + P312 doctor/ physician P302 + P352 water. P304 + P340 keep at rest in a P305 + P351 + F ter for several mi	F SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or if you feel unwell. F ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and F INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and position comfortable for breathing. '338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with wa- nutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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		easy to do. Continu P312 Call a POIS feel unwell. P330 Rinse mou P333 + P313 If s advice/ attention. P337 + P313 If s attention. P362 Take off co	ue rinsing. SON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you ith. skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ ontaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
		Storage: P405 Store locked up.		
		Disposal: P501 Dispose of and national regula	contents/container in accordance with local ations.	

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. REACH Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Meptyldinocap	131-72-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	35,59
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <a><1% naphthalene	1189173-42-9 01-2119463583-34-	STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 50 - < 60



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		0008, 01- 2119463583-34 01-2119463583 0010	-0009, -34-	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	
	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11 13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts	- 68953-96-8 273-234-6 01-2119964467	-24	Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 3 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re- sistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
If inhaled	:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respi- ration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qual- ified personnel.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.
In case of eye contact	:	Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15- 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.
If swallowed	:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treat- ment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swal- low. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None known.



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4.3 Indication of any immediate m Treatment		medical attention and : May cause asthm chodilators, expension may be of help.	J special treatment needed na-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bron- ctorants, antitussives and corticosteroids			
		No specific antido Treatment of exp symptoms and th Have the Safety I tainer or label with doctor, or going for Repeated excess disease.	ote. osure should be directed at the control of e clinical condition of the patient. Data Sheet, and if available, the product con- h you when calling a poison control center or or treatment. ive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung			
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures						

5.1 Extinguishing media

	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical	
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use direct water stream. High volume water jet	
5.2	Special hazards arising from	the	substance or mixture	
	Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Flash back possible over considerable distance.	
	Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon oxides	
5.3	Advice for firefighters			
	Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.	
	Specific extinguishing methods	:	Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations	
	Further information	:	Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire af- fected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread	
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		fire. Use a water spray Collect contamina must not be disch Fire residues and be disposed of in	y to cool fully closed containers. ated fire extinguishing water separately. This arged into drains. contaminated fire extinguishing water must accordance with local regulations.
SECTION	6: Accidental releas	se measures	
6.1 Persona	al precautions, protec	tive equipment and e	emergency procedures
Person	al precautions	Ensure adequate Beware of vapour tions. Vapours ca Remove all sourc Use personal pro Use appropriate s refer to Section 8	ventilation. 's accumulating to form explosive concentra- n accumulate in low areas. es of ignition. tective equipment. safety equipment. For additional information, , Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
6.2 Enviror	mental precautions		
Enviro	nmental precautions	: If the product con respective author Discharge into the Prevent further le Prevent spreading barriers). Retain and dispos Local authorities s cannot be contain Prevent from ente Section 12, Ecolo	taminates rivers and lakes or drains inform ities. e environment must be avoided. akage or spillage if safe to do so. g over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil se of contaminated wash water. should be advised if significant spillages ned. ering into soil, ditches, sewers, undwater. See bgical Information.
6.3 Method	s and material for cor	ntainment and cleani	ng up
Method	ds for cleaning up	: Clean up remainin ant. Local or national posal of this mate employed in.	ng materials from spill with suitable absorb- regulations may apply to releases and dis- rial, as well as those materials and items

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to overpressurization of the container.

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water



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				spray jet. See Section 13, I mation.	Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-				
6.4 F See	6.4 Reference to other sections See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.								
SEC		7: Handling and sto	oraç	je					
7.1 F	Precaut	ions for safe handlin	a						
	Local/T	otal ventilation	:	Use with local exi Use only in an are	naust ventilation. ea equipped with explosion proof exhaust				
7.1 Precautions for safe handling Local/Total ventilation : Advice on safe handling :		:	ventilation. Avoid formation o Persons susceptil allergies, chronic be employed in al used. Non-sparking tool Provide sufficient Open drum carefu Do not breathe va Do not smoke. Handle in accorda practice. Avoid exposure - Smoking, eating a plication area. Do not get on skin Do not get on skin Do not get on skin Do not get on skin Do not get in eyes Avoid contact with Keep container tig Keep away from h Take precautiona Take care to prev environment.	f aerosol. ble to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, or recurrent respiratory disease should not ny process in which this mixture is being as should be used. air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. ally as content may be under pressure. apours/dust. ance with good industrial hygiene and safety obtain special instructions before use. and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- n or clothing. apours or spray mist. s. n skin and eyes. ghtly closed. heat and sources of ignition. ry measures against static discharges. ent spills, waste and minimize release to the safety equipment. For additional information,					
7.2 (Conditio	ons for safe storage.	inc	uding any incomi	patibilities				
_	Require areas a	ements for storage and containers	:	Store in a closed opened must be o leakage. Keep in closed. Store in a tions.	container. No smoking. Containers which are carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent properly labelled containers. Keep tightly ccordance with the particular national regula-				
	Advice	on common storage	:	Do not store near Strong oxidizing a Organic peroxide Flammable solids	acids. agents s				

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				ances and mixtures nixtures, which in contact with water, emit
Packag	jing material c end use(s)	:	Unsuitable materia	al: None known.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guide-lines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection :		Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.			
Hand protection		·			
Remarks	:	Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro- organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (break-through time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer pro-longed protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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		glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.				
Skin a	and body protection	: Use protective Selection of spe or full body suit	clothing chemically resistant to this material. ecific items such as face shield, boots, apron, will depend on the task.			
Respiratory protection		: Respiratory pro tial to exceed th If there are no a guidelines, use Selection of air- depend on the concentration o For emergency pressure self-co	tection should be worn when there is a poten- ne exposure limit requirements or guidelines. applicable exposure limit requirements or an approved respirator. purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will specific operation and the potential airborne f the material. conditions, use an approved positive- pontained breathing apparatus.			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

intormation on pasic physical	all	u chemical properties
Physical state Colour Odour	:	Liquid. Yellow to brown Aromatic
Melting point/range	:	Not applicable
Freezing point		No test data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No test data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No test data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No test data available
Flash point	:	53,6 °C Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93, closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	:	340 °C Method: EC Method A15
рН	:	4,8 (20 °C) Concentration: 1 % Method: CIPAC MT 75 (1% aqueous suspension)

Viscosity

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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	Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic			306,0 mm2/s (40	°C)
S	Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	emulsifiable	
V	/apour pressure	:	No test data avai	lable
R	Relative density	:	No data available	9
D	Density	:	No test data avai	lable
R	Relative vapour density	:	: No test data available	
9.2 Ot E	t her information Explosives	:	No Method: Mechan	ical Impact @ 8 inches
С	Dxidizing properties	:	No	
E	vaporation rate	:	No test data avai	lable
S	Surface tension	:	30 mN/m, 25 °C	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions. No hazards to be specially mentioned. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. May form explosive dust-air mixture.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): 1.030 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): 12,5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 436 Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after short term inhalation.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Components:		
Meptyldinocap:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): > 2.000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox- icity
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Prolonged excessive exposure to mist may cause serious adverse effects, even death. May cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs.)
		LC50 (Rat, male): 1,24 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute inhalation toxicity)
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatic	cs.	<1% naphthalene:
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: For similar material(s):
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 4,688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg



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		A tc R	ssessment: T oxicity emarks: For s	he substance or mixture has no acute dermal similar material(s):
Benz	enesulfonic acid, m	ono-C11-	13-branched	l alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Acute	e oral toxicity	: L N S ic R	D50 (Rat, ma lethod: OECE ymptoms: No ssessment: T ity emarks: For s	le and female): > 2.000 mg/kg 0 401 or equivalent 0 deaths occurred at this concentration. The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox- similar material(s):
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: L N R	D50 (Rat, ma lethod: OECE emarks: For s	le and female): > 1.000 - < 1.600 mg/kg 0 402 or equivalent similar material(s):
Skin	corrosion/irritation			
Prod	uct:			
Speci Metho Resu	ies od It	: R : C : M	abbit ECD Test Gu lild skin irritati	uideline 404 ion
<u>Com</u>	ponents:			
Mept	yldinocap:			
Resu	lt	: N	o skin irritatio	n
Benz	enesulfonic acid, m	ono-C11-	13-branched	l alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Resu	lt	: S	kin irritation	
Serio	ous eye damage/eye	irritation		
Prod	uct:			
Speci	ies	: R	abbit	
Metho Resu	od It	: C : E	ECD Test Gu ye irritation	lideline 405
<u>Com</u>	ponents:			
Mept	yldinocap:			
Resu	lt	: N	o eye irritatio	n
Benz	enesulfonic acid, m	ono-C11-	13-branchec	l alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Deeu	lt	· C	orrosive	

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	Respiratory or skin sensitisation								
	Produc Species Assessr Method	<u>t:</u> ment	:	Guinea pig The product is a s OECD Test Guide	skin sensitiser, sub-category 1A. eline 406				
	<u>Compo</u>	nents:							
	Meptylo	dinocap:							
	Assessr Remark	nent s	:	The product is a s Has demonstrate Has caused allerg	skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B. d the potential for contact allergy in mice. gic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.				
	Remark	S	:	For respiratory se	ensitization: found.				
	Hydroc	arbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene):				
	Remark	S	:	For similar materi Did not cause alle pigs.	al(s): argic skin reactions when tested in guinea				
	Remarks		:	For respiratory se	ensitization: found.				
	Benzen	esulfonic acid, mon	o-C [,]	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:				
	Remark	S	:	For skin sensitiza For similar materi Did not cause alle pigs.	tion: al(s): ergic skin reactions when tested in guinea				
	Remark	S	:	For respiratory se No relevant data	ensitization: found.				
	Germ c	ell mutagenicity							
	<u>Compo</u>	nents:							
	Meptylo	dinocap:							
	Germ ce sessme	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	In vitro genetic to toxicity studies we	xicity studies were negative., Animal genetic ere negative.				
	Hydrocarbons, C10, aroma		ics,	<1% naphthalene	:				
	Germ ce sessme	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	For similar materi negative., Animal	al(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were genetic toxicity studies were negative.				
	Benzen	esulfonic acid, mon	o-C′	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:				
	Germ ce sessme	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	For similar materi negative., Animal	al(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were genetic toxicity studies were negative.				



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	Carcin	ogenicity							
	Compo	onents:							
	Meptyl Carcino ment	dinocap: ogenicity - Assess-	:	For similar active cer in laboratory a	ingredient(s)., Dinocap., Did not cause can- nimals.				
	Reproc	ductive toxicity							
	Compo	onents:							
	Meptyl	dinocap:							
	Reproc sessme	luctive toxicity - As- ent	:	For similar active did not interfere w Did not cause birt doses which caus	ingredient(s)., Dinocap., In animal studies, ith reproduction. h defects or other effects in the fetus even at ed toxic effects in the mother.				
	Hydrod	carbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene	:				
	Reprod sessme	luctive toxicity - As- ent	:	In animal studies, For similar materia other fetal effects	did not interfere with reproduction. al(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any in laboratory animals.				
	Benzei	zenesulfonic acid. mono-C11-13-branched alkvl derivs calcium salts:							
	Reprod sessme	luctive toxicity - As- ent	:	For similar materia reproduction. For similar materia other fetal effects	al(s):, In animal studies, did not interfere with al(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any in laboratory animals.				
	STOT -	- single exposure							
	Produc	<u>ct:</u>							
	Assess	ment	:	May cause drows	iness or dizziness.				
	Compo	onents:							
	Meptyl	dinocap:							
	Assess	sment	:	Evaluation of avai an STOT-SE toxic	lable data suggests that this material is not cant.				
	Hydrod	carbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene	:				
	Exposu Assess	ure routes sment	:	Inhalation May cause drows	iness or dizziness.				
	Benze i Assess	nesulfonic acid, mono ment	o-C′ :	11-13-branched al Available data are specific target org	kyl derivs., calcium salts: inadequate to determine single exposure an toxicity.				



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	стот	- repeated exposure	9						
	Produ	ct:							
	Assessment		: Ev an	: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is n an STOT-RE toxicant.					
	Repea	ted dose toxicity							
	<u>Comp</u>	onents:							
	Mepty	Idinocap:							
	Remar	arks : In animals, effects have been reported on the follow gans: Liver.							
	Hydro	carbons, C10, arom	atics, <1	% naphthale	ne:				
	Remar	ks	: Ba pa	: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not ar pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.					
	Benze	enzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:							
	Remar	ks	: Fo In ga Kie	or similar mat animals, effe Ins: dney.	erial(s): cts have been reported on the following or-				
	Aspira	ation toxicity							
	<u>Produ</u> Based	Product: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.							
	Components:								
	Meptyldinocap: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.								
	Hydro May be	carbons, C10, arom e fatal if swallowed ar	atics, <1 nd enters	% naphthale airways.	ne:				
	Benze Based	nesulfonic acid, mo on physical propertie	e no-C11- es, not like	13-branched ely to be an a	alkyl derivs., calcium salts: spiration hazard.				
11.2	Inform	nation on other haza	ards						
	Endoc	crine disrupting pro	perties						
	Produ Asses	<u>ct:</u> sment	: Th er RI	ee substance, ed to have er EACH Article	mixture does not contain components consid- ndocrine disrupting properties according to 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation				
				15 / 25	j				

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			(EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 a levels of 0.1% or higher.	
SE	CTION 12: Ecological infor	ma	tion	
12. ⁻	1 Toxicity			
	Product:			
	Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Lepomis m Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t Method: OECD Te	acrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,11 mg/l 5 h est est Guideline 203 or Equivalent
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Test Type: Static Method: OECD Te	agna (Water flea)): 0,00306 mg/l 5 h est Guideline 202
	Toxicity to soil dwelling or- ganisms	:	LC50: 210 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 End point: surviva Species: Eisenia f Method: OECD Te GLP:yes Remarks: As proc	d I etida (earthworms) est Guideline 207 luct:
	Toxicity to terrestrial organ- isms	:	Remarks: Materia basis (LD50 > 200	l is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute 00 mg/kg).
			oral LD50: 2532 n Species: Colinus	ng/kg bodyweight. virginianus (Bobwhite quail)
			oral LD50: 84,8 m	icrograms/bee
			Exposure time: 48 Species: Apis mel	Bh lifera (bees)
			contact LD50: 90 Exposure time: 48 Species: Apis mel	micrograms/bee h lifera (bees)
	Components:			
	Meptyldinocap: Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Lepomis m Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t Method: OECD Te	acrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,0569 mg/l 5 h est est Guideline 203 or Equivalent
			LC50 (Rainbow tr Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t	out (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 0,0662 mg/l 5 h est

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	Toxicity aquatic	v to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia pu Exposure time: 48	ulex (Water flea)): 0,0066 mg/l h
				EC50 (Daphnia (w Exposure time: 48 Test Type: static t	vater flea)): 0,0041 mg/l h est
	Toxicity plants	v to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 : h est
	M-Fact icity)	or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	100	
	Toxicity	to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Bacteria): 1 Exposure time: 3 I	10,2 mg/l n
	Toxicity icity)	v to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 0,00286 m End point: surviva Exposure time: 29 Species: Pimepha Test Type: flow-th	ng/l l d les promelas (fathead minnow) rough test
	Toxicity aquatic ic toxici	v to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	NOEC: 0,00076 m End point: number Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia Test Type: flow-th Method: OECD Te	ng/l r of offspring d magna (Water flea) rough test est Guideline 211 or Equivalent
	M-Fact	or (Chronic aquatic	:	100	
	Toxicity ganism	, to soil dwelling or- s	:	LC50: 302 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 Species: Eisenia f	- d etida (earthworms)
	Toxicity isms	v to terrestrial organ-	:	Remarks: Materia basis (LD50 > 200 Material is practica (LC50 > 5000 ppn	l is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute 00 mg/kg). ally non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis n).
				dietary LC50: > 56 Species: Anas pla	620 mg/kg diet. tyrhynchos (Mallard duck)
				oral LD50: > 2150 Species: Colinus v	mg/kg bodyweight. ⁄irginianus (Bobwhite quail)
				contact LD50: 60, Exposure time: 48 End point: mortalit Species: Apis mel Method: Other gui	6 micrograms/bee h y lifera (bees) delines

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			oral LD50: 66,1 m Exposure time: 48 End point: mortali Species: Apis me Method: Other gu	icrograms/bee 3 h ty Ilifera (bees) idelines
			NOEC: 500 ppm Exposure time: 42 End point: Reproc Species: Colinus	2 d duction Test virginianus (Bobwhite quail)
			NOEC: 250 ppm Exposure time: 14 End point: Reprod Species: Colinus	17 d duction Test virginianus (Bobwhite quail)
	Hydrocarbons, C10, aromati	ics.	<1% naphthalene	r
	Toxicity to fish	:	Remarks: For sim Material is modera basis (LC50/EC50 tive species tester	ilar material(s): ately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute) between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensi- d).
			Remarks: For sim Material is toxic to tween 1 and 10 m	ilar material(s): aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 be- g/L in the most sensitive species).
			LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	hus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l 5 h ilar material(s):
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Remarks: For sim	agna): 3 - 10 mg/l 3 h ilar material(s):
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokiro Exposure time: 72 Remarks: For sim	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 mg/l 2 h ilar material(s):
	Ecotoxicology Assessment			
	Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic li	fe with long lasting effects.
	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono	o-C	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:
	Toxicity to fish	:	Remarks: Materia (LC50/EC50/IC50 sitive species).	I is harmful to aquatic organisms between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sen-
			LC50 (zebra fish (Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	(Brachydanio rerio)): 31,6 mg/l 5 h ilar material(s):
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): 62 mg/l 3 h



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	Toxicity plants	v to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Selenastri End point: Growth Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	um capricornutum (green algae)): 29 mg/l n rate inhibition 5 h ilar material(s):
	Toxicity	v to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated s End point: Respira Exposure time: 3 Remarks: For sim	sludge): 550 mg/l ation rates. h ilar material(s):
	Toxicity icity)	v to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 0,23 mg/l End point: surviva Exposure time: 72 Species: Rainbow Remarks: For sim	al 2 d / trout (Salmo gairdneri) ilar material(s):
	Toxicity aquatic ic toxic	v to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	NOEC: 1,18 mg/l End point: numbe Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia Remarks: For sim	r of offspring I d magna (Water flea) ilar material(s):
12.2	Persis	tence and degradabil	ity		
	Compo	onents:			
	Meptyl	dinocap:			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Remarks: Materia the environment). biodegradability.	I is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready
				Concentration: 29 Result: Not readily Biodegradation: Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD To Remarks: 10-day	9,5 mg/l y biodegradable. 18,4 % 3 d est Guideline 301F or Equivalent Window: Fail
	Stability	y in water	:	Degradation half I pH: 7	ife (half-life): 30,4 d (20 °C)
	Hydrod	carbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene	:
	Biodeg	radability	:	Remarks: Materia 20% biodegradati bility).	I is inherently biodegradable (reaches > on in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-
	Benzei	nesulfonic acid. mono	o-C	11-13-branched al	kvl derivs calcium salts:
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: Not readily Remarks: Materia the environment). biodegradability.	y biodegradable. Il is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

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				Biodegradation: 28 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD T Remarks: 10-day	2,9 % 3 d est Guideline 301E or Equivalent Window: Fail
12.3	Bioaco	cumulative potential			
	<u>Compo</u>	onents:			
	Mepty	dinocap:			
	Bioacc	umulation	:	Species: Lepomis Exposure time: 28 Temperature: 22 Concentration: 0, Bioconcentration	s macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) 3 d °C 0002 mg/l factor (BCF): 992
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: 6,55 (25 pH: 6,8 - 7,7 Remarks: Biocon tween 100 and 30	5 °C) centration potential is moderate (BCF be- 000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
	Hydro	carbons, C10, aromat	tics,	<1% naphthalene	•:
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	Remarks: No data For similar materi Bioconcentration between 5 and 7)	a available for this product. al(s): potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow
	Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C'	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: 4,6 Method: OECD T Remarks: Biocon tween 100 and 30	est Guideline 107 or Equivalent centration potential is moderate (BCF be- 000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).
12.4	Mobili	ty in soil			
	Compo	onents:			
	Meptyl Distribu mental	dinocap: ution among environ- compartments	:	Koc: 58245 Remarks: Expect 5000).	ed to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >
	Hydro	carbons, C10, aromat	tics,	<1% naphthalene	2:
	Distribu mental	ution among environ- compartments	:	Remarks: No rele	vant data found.
	Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C	11-13-branched a	kyl derivs., calcium salts:
	Distribu mental	ution among environ- compartments	:	Remarks: No rele	vant data found.



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12.5	Result	ts of PBT and vPvB a	sse	ssment	
<u>(</u>	Comp	onents:			
1	Mepty Assess	ldinocap: sment	:	This substance is lating and toxic (F very persistent ar	not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- PBT) This substance is not considered to be ad very bioaccumulating (vPvB)
I	Hydro	carbons, C10, aroma	tics	, <1% naphthalene	e :
/	Assess	sment	:	This substance is lating and toxic (F very persistent ar	not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- PBT) This substance is not considered to be nd very bioaccumulating (vPvB)
I	Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C	11-13-branched a	lkyl derivs., calcium salts:
/	Assess	sment	:	This substance is lating and toxic (F very persistent ar	PBT) This substance is not considered to be not very bioaccumulating (vPvB)
12.6	Endoc	rine disrupting prop	ertie	S	
Ī	Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
,	Assess	sment	:	The substance/m ered to have end REACH Article 57 (EU) 2017/2100 of levels of 0.1% or	ixture does not contain components consid- ocrine disrupting properties according to 7(f) or Commission Delegated regulation or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at higher.
12.7	Other	adverse effects			
<u>(</u>	Comp	onents:			
r	Mepty	ldinocap:			
(Ozone	-Depletion Potential	:	Remarks: This su of substances that	ibstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list at deplete the ozone layer.
I	Hydro	carbons, C10, aroma	tics	, <1% naphthalene	9:
(Ozone	-Depletion Potential	:	Remarks: This su of substances that	ibstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list at deplete the ozone layer.
E	Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C	11-13-branched a	lkyl derivs., calcium salts:
(Ozone	-Depletion Potential	:	Remarks: This su of substances that	bstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list at deplete the ozone layer.
SEC	TION	13: Disposal consi	dera	ations	

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must



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		be in accordance This information as supplied. The listing may not a wise contamina ator to determine material genera tion and dispose lations. If the material a cable regional, i	we with your local or area regulatory authorities. In presented below only applies to the material the identification based on characteristic(s) or apply if the material has been used or other- ted. It is the responsibility of the waste gener- e the toxicity and physical properties of the ted to determine the proper waste identifica- al methods in compliance with applicable regu- s supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli- national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN	number or ID number		
AD	R	:	UN 1993
RIE)	:	UN 1993
IMI	DG	:	UN 1993
ΙΑΙ	A	:	UN 1993
14.2 UN	proper shipping name		
AD	R	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Meptyldinocap, Aromatic hydrocarbon)
RIE)	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Meptyldinocap, Aromatic hydrocarbon)
IMI	DG	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Meptyldinocap, Aromatic hydrocarbon)
IAI	Ā	:	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Meptyldinocap, Aromatic hydrocarbon)
14.3 Tra	ansport hazard class(es)		
AD	R	:	3
RIE)	:	3
IMI	DG	:	3
ΙΑΤ	Ά	:	3
14.4 Pa	cking group		
AD Pao Cla Ha: Lak Tur RIE Pao	R cking group ssification Code zard Identification Number bels nnel restriction code Cking group	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	III F1 30 3 (D/E) III E1

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	Hazard Labels	Identification Number	:	30 3	
	IMDG Packing Labels EmS C Remart	g group ode <s< td=""><td>:</td><td>III 3 F-E, <u>S-E</u> Stowage category</td><td>⁷ A</td></s<>	:	III 3 F-E, <u>S-E</u> Stowage category	⁷ A
	IATA (Packing aircraft) Packing Packing Labels	Cargo) g instruction (cargo) g instruction (LQ) g group	:	366 Y344 III Flammable Liquid	S
	IATA (I Packing ger airc Packing Packing Labels	Passenger) g instruction (passen- craft) g instruction (LQ) g group	:	355 Y344 III Flammable Liquid	S
14.5	5 Enviro	nmental hazards			
	ADR Enviror	nmentally hazardous	:	no	
	RID Enviror	mentally hazardous	:	no	
	IMDG Marine	pollutant	:	yes	

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High	:	Not applicable
Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).		
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	:	Not applicable
(Annex XIV)		
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-	:	Not applicable
plete the ozone layer		
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-	:	naphthalene
tants (recast)		

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS



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pean contro dange	Parliament and of the ol of major-accident h erous substances.	f the Council on the nt hazards involving		

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of H-Statements

Flammable liquid and vapour.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful in contact with skin.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	: Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	: Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	: Serious eye damage
Flam. Liq.	: Flammable liquids
Skin Irrit.	: Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	: Skin sensitisation
STOT SE	: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP -Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL -International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS -Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information Classification of the mixture: Flam Lig 3 H226

	11220
Acute Tox. 4	H302
Acute Tox. 4	H332
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Skin Sens. 1A	H317
STOT SE 3	H336
Aquatic Acute 1	H400
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

Classification procedure:

Based on product data or assessment
Based on product data or assessment
Assigned by national authority.
Based on product data or assessment
Calculation method

Product code: GF-1478

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GR / 6N